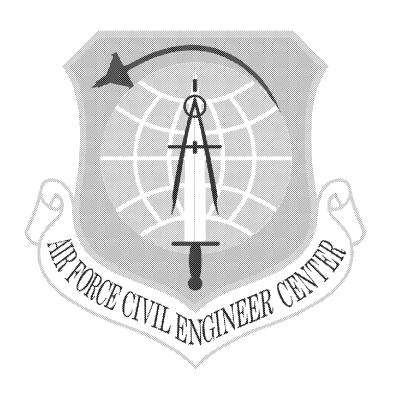
Air Force Civil Engineer Center

Integrity - Service - Excellence

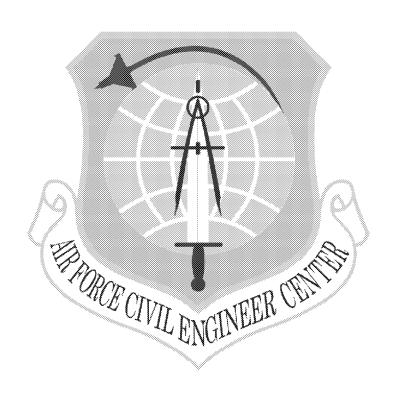


Former Williams Air Force Base

BRAC Cleanup Team Call 15 October 2015

Air Force Civil Engineer Center

Integrity - Service - Excellence



FORMER
WILLIAMS AIR FORCE BASE

Site ST012
Former Liquid Fuels
Storage Area
Remedial Action

BRAC Cleanup Team Call
15 October 2015



Site ST012 Update

- Steam Enhanced Extraction (SEE)
 Operations Progress
- Near-term SEE Operational Plan
- SEE to Enhanced Bioremediation (EBR) Transition Criteria Status



SEE System Operational Status Overview



Site ST012 SEE System Status Summary (through 5 October)

	Value	Unit
Farget Treatment Zone (TTZ) Soil Volume	410,000	cubic yards (cy)
\rea	199,000	square feet (ft²)
Jpper Depth of Treatment	145	feet (ft) below ground surface (bgs)
ower Depth of Treatment	245	ft bgs
/apor Liquid Treatment Started	09/29/14	
hermal Operations Started	09/29/14	
ast Process Data Update	10/05/15	
ast Temperature Data Update	10/05/15	
Estimated Total Days of Operation	422	days
Days of Operation	371	days
Days of Operation vs. Estimate	88	percent (%)
Stimated Total Energy Usage	11,343,000	kilowatt hours (kWh)
Total Energy Used	3,652,943	kWh
Jsed Electrical Energy vs. Estimate	32	%
Total Steam Injected	228.3	million pounds (lbs)
Projected Total Steam Injection	320	million lbs
Steam Injected Vs Projected	71	%
otal Mass Removed in Vapor Based on		
Photoionization Detector (PID) Readings	699,078	lbs
Total Mass Removed as NAPL	1,031,501	lbs
Average Daily NAPL Mass Removal Last Week	2,397	lbs/day
Total Vapor and Liquid Mass Removal (based on		
PID readings)	1,730,578	lbs
Average Power Usage Rate Last Week	475	kilowatts (kW)
Average Wellfield Vapor Extraction Rate Last	383	standard cubic feet per minute (scfm)
Average Condensate Production Rate Last Week	0.5	gallons per minute (gpm)
Average Water Extraction Rate Last Week	91	gpm
otal Water Extracted	57,332,868	gallons
Fotal Recovered Light Non-Aqueous Phase Liquid	156,763	gallons
Average Water Discharge Rate Last Week	112	gpm
Fotal Treated Water Discharge	76,065,000	gallons



ST012 SEE Operational Progress

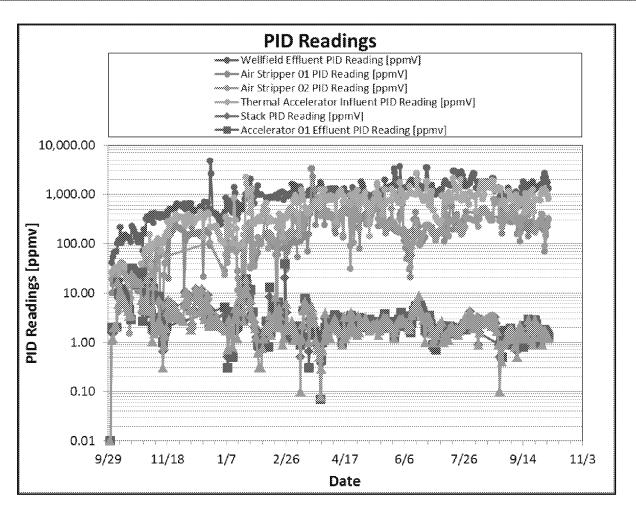
SEE System Operations

8 September – 5 October

- Average liquid extraction rate of 97 gpm
- > Typically five to six eductor skids were online at a time
- Average steam injection rates of 14,500 lbs per hour in the LSZ, 8,400 lbs per hour in the UWBZ, and 3,200 lbs per hour in the CZ
- Thirty-two steam wells online injection rates at wells have varied due to pressure cycling conducted in the CZ, LSZ and UWBZ
- > SEE discharge continues to meet compliance standards



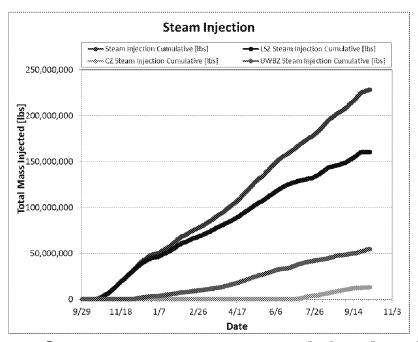
Site ST012 SEE System Photoionization Detector (PID) Readings

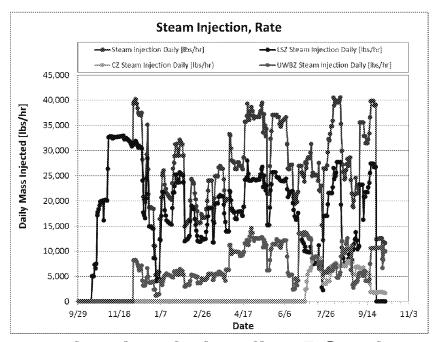


Vapors continue to be rich in organics



Site ST012 SEE Steam Injection

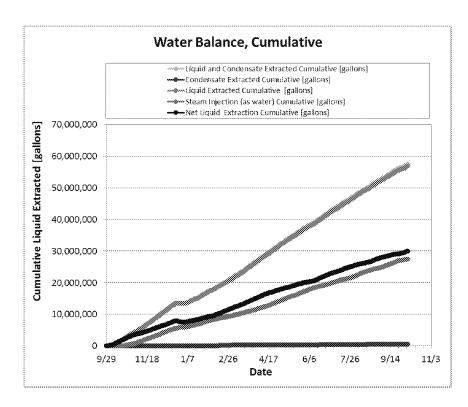


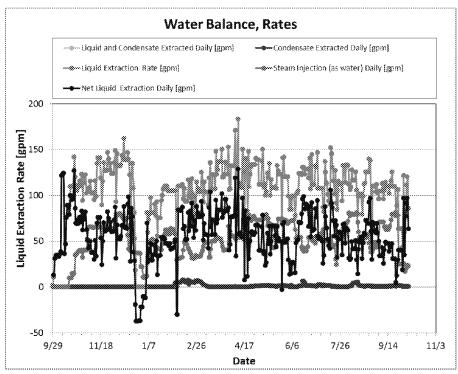


- Current average steam injection (operational period ending 5 October 2015)
 - CZ 1,800 lbs/hr ~ 4 gpm as water
 - ➤ UWBZ 9,600 lbs/hr ~ 19 gpm as water
 - LSZ 0 lbs/hr ~ 0 gpm as water (offline)
- Total steam injection rate equivalent to 23 gpm of water



Site ST012 SEE System Water Balance

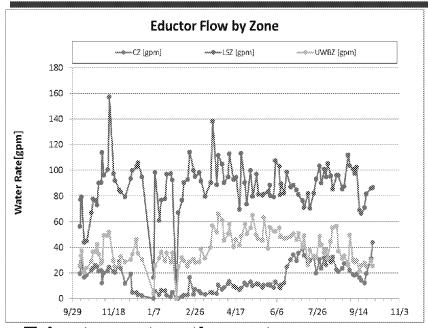


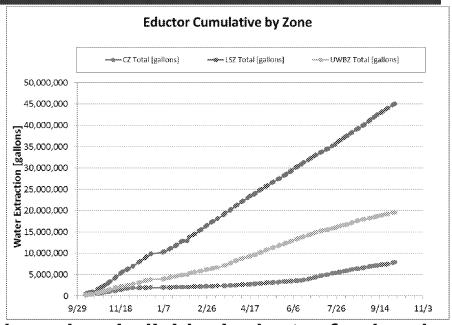


- Currently, the condensate production rate is ~ 0.5 gpm
- Based on energy balance analysis, additional steam is likely being pulled into and condensing in the liquid extraction system; this steam extraction is not measureable and is not accounted for in condensate production



Site ST012 SEE System Water Extraction by Zone

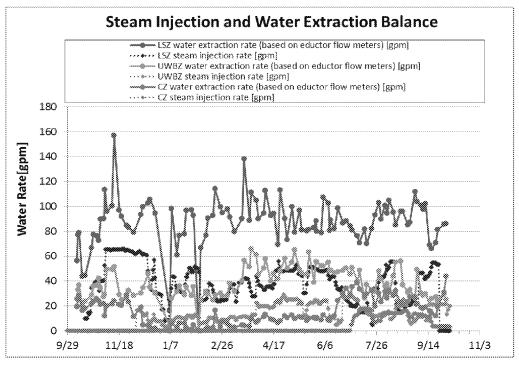




- Eductor extraction rates per zone are based on individual eductor feed and return meters
- Extraction: injection ratio for the week ending 5 October 2015: 5.4:1 based on average flows
 - CZ: 6.4:1 (8 September 5 October 2015 period: 2.6:1)
 - ➤ UWBZ: 1.4:1 (8 September 5 October 2015 period: 1.5:1)
 - LSZ: extraction rate 73 gpm, currently no steam injection (8 September 5 October 2015 period: 2.4:1)



Site ST012 SEE System Injection/Extraction Balance



	CZ	UWBZ	LSZ
	[gallons]	[gallons]	[gallons]
Water extracted	7,837,000	19,542,000	45,015,000
Water injected (as steam)	1,570,000	6,573,000	19,278,000
Net extraction	6,267,000	12,969,000	25,737,000

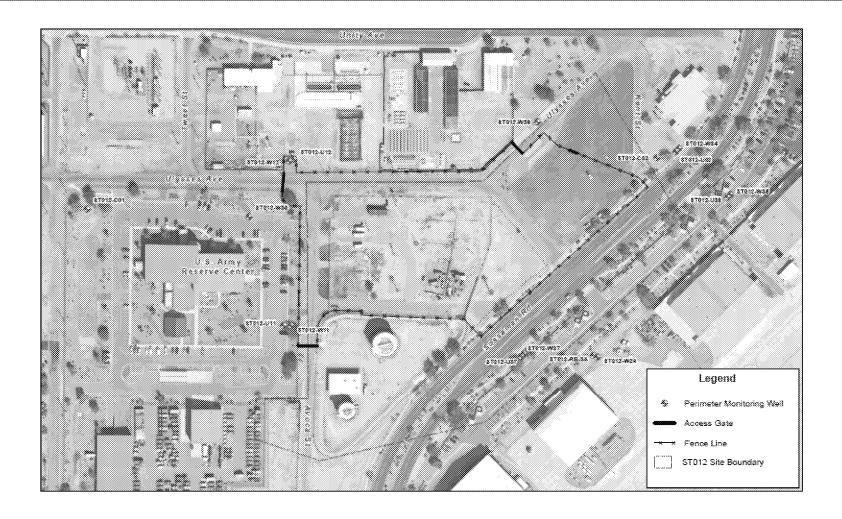
Note: water extracted to date per zone is based on individual eductor meters



ST012 Perimeter Groundwater Monitoring

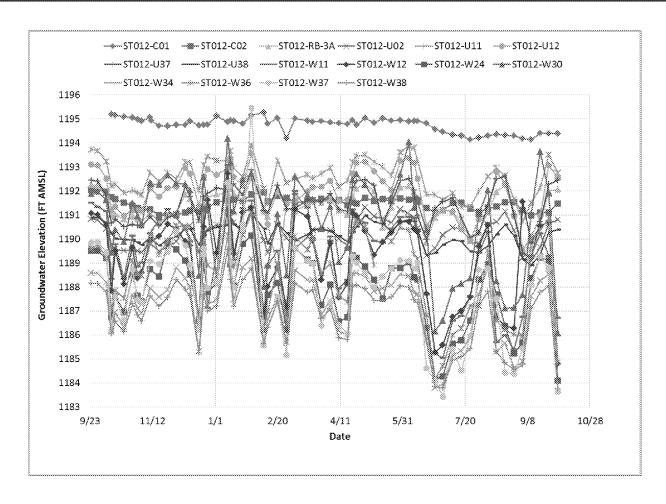


Site ST012 SEE Perimeter Groundwater Monitoring Wells





Site ST012 SEE Perimeter Groundwater Elevations



Water level increases are temporary



Site ST012 SEE Perimeter LNAPL Thicknesses (ft)

Monitoring Well	9/11	/2015	9/18	/2015	9/25	/2015	10/2/	2015
CZ/UWBZ Wells	Before bailing	After Bailing						
ST012-C01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ST012-C02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
UWBZ Wells								
ST012-U02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ST012-U11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ST012-U12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ST012-U37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ST012-U38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ST012-RB-3A	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LSZ Wells								
ST012-W11	13.30	0.27	0.10	0.10	50.23	0.12	31.59	11.24
ST012-W12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ST012-W24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ST012-W30	0.20	0.20	0.08	0.08	0.18	0.18	0.23	0.23
ST012-W34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ST012-W36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ST012-W37	81.25	2.35	52.19	0.38	97.21	26.43	82.85	20.85
ST012-W38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00



Site ST012 SEE Operational Plan

Operational Plan through November 2015

- Pressure Cycling
 - Continue pressure cycling in the CZ, UWBZ and LSZ
 - Continue steam injection into dual-purpose well UWBZ 20
 - Increase and optimize injection and extraction rates to maintain an acceptable water balance
- Additional Operational Sampling
 - > Continue biweekly vapor influent sampling
 - Continue sampling select MPE wells to evaluate progress (evaluate and refine protocols)



ST012 SEE to EBR Transition



Site ST012 SEE System SEE to EBR Transition Criteria

Primary SEE to EBR Transition Criteria

- > Achieve target subsurface temperatures
- Diminishing mass removal rates

Secondary SEE to EBR Transition Criteria

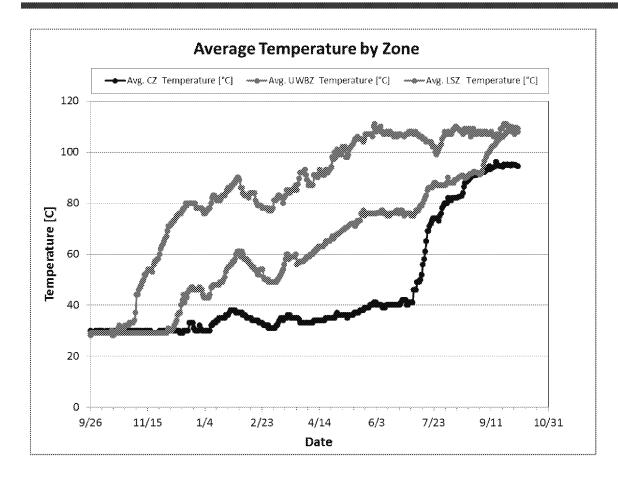
- Completion of Pressure Cycling: Repeat until no additional significant increases in effluent vapor concentrations observed when steam pressure is reduced
- > Benzene Concentrations: Target benzene concentration of 100 to 500 μg/L range within the TTZ (interior of the TTZ)
- > Steam Injection: Used as a guideline to measure progress vs. design



Subsurface Temperature and Calculated Formation Temperatures



Site ST012 SEE Average Temperatures by Zone



- Average temperatures continue to increase in CZ and UWBZ
- LSZ temperature sensors 240 ft bgs and lower generally do not show steam temperatures

CZ Target Treatment Temperature: ~100°C UWBZ Target Treatment Temperature: ~114°C LSZ Target Treatment Temperature: ~134°C



Estimated Formation Temperatures: Cobble Zone

	Formation Temperatures																							
Well	Well	Required to Reach	Reached Steam	Vapor Extraction	8/3/15	8/5/15	8/7/15	8/11/15	8/13/15	8/18/15	8/20/15	8/25/15	8/27/15	9/1/15	9/3/15	9/7/15	9/9/15	9/11/15	9/15/15	9/17/15	9/21/15	9/23/15	9/29/15	10/1/15
wen	Location	Steam Temperature	Temperature (Calculated)	Max Temperature [°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]
CZ07	Perimeter	No	No	131	106	141		127		143	133	161	152	149	363		159		152		137		167	155
CZ08	Perimeter	No	No	138	125	116		125		126	129	199	137		173		195		199		189		91	147
CZ09	Perimeter	No	No	105	113	117	121	118	120	107	115	110	337	130	109	132	98	139	104	198	96	139	139	139
CZ10	Perimeter	No	Yes	206	123	131		129		147	347	166	135		195		213		174		175		133	151
CZ11	Interior	Yes		212																				
CZ12	Perimeter	No	fes	105	120	116	123	114	133	333	324	132	125	151	149	137	340	156	116	362	157	190	141	3.55
CZ13	Perimeter	No	160	160	157	151		176		161		149	158		160		167		158		9220		138	122
CZ14	Perimeter	No	160	112	323	2220	199	177	3220	232	217	7220	22.20	191	136	185	>220	5000	211	196	9220	>220	1220	7770
CZ15	Interior	Yes	160	120	2220		172	163	214		3230	239	27.27	2220	355	3(8)	>220	192		199	9220	195	98	122
CZ16	Perimeter	No	160	117	170	2220	230	2220	9220	>220	5230	2220	22.23	2220	>220	3220	×220	5220	198	>220	96	>220	132	153
CZ17	Perimeter	No	160	200	133	92	95	104	119	136	- ()	99	99		375	1.51	140	155	156	2220	121	196	133	143
CZ18	Perimeter	No	No	100	94	88	2183	99		102	138	104	102		106	139		134	104	126		126		126
CZ19	Perimeter	No	No	110	91		95	110	103		307	136	137		190	1.69	148	138		148	115	145	134	135
CZ20	Outside CZ	No	No	111	100	89	1(8)	99		99	309	89	24.5	96	91	95		101	83	92		99		97

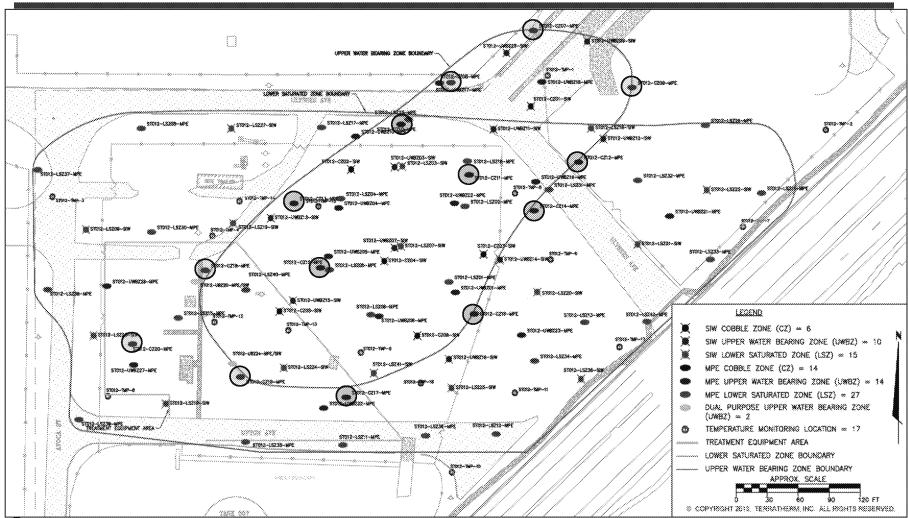
RED GREEN : at or above steam temperature (≥210 °F) : below steam temperature (<210 °F)

Liquid extraction has been disabled at CZ11 due to a well maintenance need. Consequently, formation temperatures could not be estimated. Vapor temperatures show steam breakthrough at CZ11.

Please note that the table has been truncated due to spatial constraints and only includes data from 3 August 2015 to present



Estimated Formation Temperatures: Cobble Zone



Estimated formation temperature or observed vapor temperature ≥210°F

©Estimated formation temperature or observed vapor temperature < 210°F



Estimated Formation Temperatures: Upper Water Bearing Zone

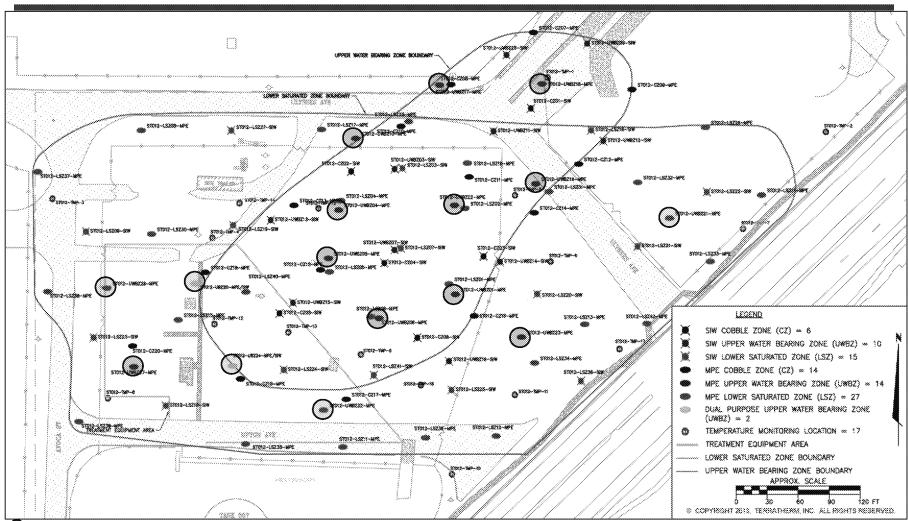
										Formatio	n Tempei	ratures												
Well	Well	Required to Reach	Reached Steam	Vapor Extraction	8/3/15	8/5/15	8/7/15	8/11/15	8/13/15	8/18/15	8/20/15	8/25/15	8/27/15	9/1/15	9/3/15	9/7/15	9/9/15	9/11/15	9/15/15	9/17/15	9/21/15	9/23/15	9/29/15	10/1/15
wen	Location	Steam Temperature	Temperature (Calculated)	Max Temperature [°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]
UWBZ01	Interior	Yes		150	220	163	9220	175	202	235	>220	100	-220	0	97		1220	-220	5220	777	>220	68	3220	-220
UWBZ02	Interior	Yes	165	160	>220		198	>220	-220		>220	-220	>220	-220	>220	+220	-230	>220	>220	165	>220	1020	>220	190
UWBZ04	Interior	Yes	Yes	168		191		166		1111	>220	167	>220		143		146		145		>220		>220	
UWBZ05	Interior	Yes	105	220																196	>220	9220	>220	>220
UWBZ06	Interior	Yes	100	165	132	233	149	162	163	174	206	184	193	159	174	339	154	167	155	170	166	173	141	185
UWBZ10	Perimeter	No	100	133	166	179		164		196	392	219	126		372		170		>220		97		204	309
UWBZ17	Perimeter	No	100	220	196	205		>2.83		>220	>200	7720	2220		>//0		223		178		>2.20		162	3230
UWBZ18	Interior	Yes	100	180	97		144	191			>200	7720	2220	100	>//0	182	2220	2223	9220	2220	104	156	>220	180
UWBZ19	Perimeter	No	res	146	>220	7/20	2220	92.83	2220	>220		2220	>220	12.2	>220	9230	27.20	>225	198	354	137	208	207	198
UWBZ20	Dual Phase - Perimeter	No	No	112	108	116	105	106		112	115	107												
UWBZ21	Outside UWBZ	No	No	118	169	169	210	186	164	164		108	114		103	149	154	141	141	129	166	171	172	165
UWBZ22	Perimeter	No	No	127	95	123	138	138	158	147		154	155		121	120	136	130	115	100	121	140	136	143
UWBZ23	Outside UWBZ	No	Yes	131	206	172	170	211	211	>220		7220	190		233	197	203	211	62	>220	214	219	215	171
UWBZ24	Dual Phase - Perimeter	No	No	190	95		100	125				93	92	133	153	107	158	109		154	110	125	150	111
UWBZ26	Outside UWBZ	No	No	105	129	135	124	130		116	118	105	96	113	112	81		137	122	122		128		123
UWBZ27	Outside UWBZ	No	Yes	115	+220	+220	208	+220	+220	195	>220	95	111	>220	>220	90		9220	59	201		>220		1655

RED : at or above steam temperature (≥210 °F)
GREEN : below steam temperature (<210 °F)

Please note that the table has been truncated due to spatial constraints and only includes data from 3 August 2015 to present



Estimated Formation Temperatures: Upper Water Bearing Zone



© Estimated formation temperature or observed vapor temperature ≥210°F

©Estimated formation temperature or observed vapor temperature < 210°F



Estimated Formation Temperatures: Lower Saturated Zone

										Formatio	n Tempe	ratures												
Well -	Well	Required to Reach	Reached Steam	Vapor Extraction	8/3/15	8/5/15	8/7/15	8/11/15	8/13/15	8/18/15	8/20/15	8/25/15	8/27/15	9/1/15	9/3/15	9/7/15	9/9/15	9/11/15	9/15/15	9/17/15	9/21/15	9/23/15	9/29/15	10/1/15
wen	Location	Steam Temperature	Temperature (Calculated)	Max Temperature [°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]	[°F]
LSZ01	Interior	Yes	160	126	193	192	3,933	153	200	>220	148	107	3077	130	184	157	193	182	113	132	174	194	194	193
LSZ02	Interior	Yes	Yes	130			186	186	101				117	166	189	73				>220	+220	>220	+220	191
LZS04	Interior	Yes	Yes	206*																				93
LSZ05	Interior	Yes	100	220	220		-220	>220	10.00		150	-220		75	60	213	-220	>220	>220	76	35	>220		
LSZ06	Interior	Yes	100	218	-220	-220	-220	>220	10.00	205	204	188	198	-220	187	191	217	216	>220	9220	96	>220	7220	1220
LSZ08	Perimeter	No	165	120	199	-220		129		205	207	196	9230	208	205		202		107		>220		144	232
LSZ11	Perimeter	No	Yes	119		-220		>220	12.20		>220	9220	>220	99	- 0	×2.20	>220			- 0	104			
LSZ12	Perimeter	No	No	126	177	131	189	191	190	178	163	168	368	159	372	174	175	165	171	183	168	192	192	170
LSZ13	Interior	Yes	Yes	125	203	216	203	206	212	194	0	199	203		189	190	201	158	179	198	220	199	205	238
LSZ14	Perimeter	No	No	125	192	135	196	190	193	183	174	176	177	161	165	172	180	136	185	185	190	196	185	169
LSZ15	Interior	Yes	Yes	205*	>220	>220	>220	>220		>220	125	209	207	195	>220	×2.20		>220	>220	>220		>220		232
LSZ16	Interior	Yes	Yes	205*	158		162	173			159	163	×220	157	153	182	186	191		176	107	200	160	160
LSZ17	Perimeter	No	Yes	220											140		165		98		172		120	119
LSZ28	Perimeter	No	Yes	129	193	209		>220		ŭ	133	171	184		164		178		177		185		- 0	167
LSZ29	Perimeter	No	No	116	167	190	161	104	170	1983	0	175	186		166	155	167	169	96	195	179	190	187	184
LSZ30	Interior	Yes	165	133	217	>220	219	211		209	213	189	210	212	201	231		217	215	215		214		>220
LSZ31	Interior	Yes	165	147	214	>220	>220	>220	>2.20	230	215	206	197		97	173	186	137	176	188	202	208	191	175
LSZ32	Interior	Yes	165	120	-220	217	201	209	219	202	- 0	201	213		187	175	197	195	200	163	20%	195	215	2012
LSZ33	Perimeter	No	165	130	193	199	2(8)	>220	307	195	191	193	399	179	184	179	185	132	105	192	166	198	192	192
LSZ34	Interior	Yes	Yes	128	190	205	2(8)	213					118		113	162	197	127	121	134	192	207	120	171
LSZ35	Perimeter	No	Yes	121		124	143	135	145	204	127	166	1220	252	119	114	119	130	337	116	157	133	124	127
LSZ36	Perimeter	No	Yes	128	175	133	1585	194	202	195	190	183	187	177	377	178	180	171	119	193	213	207	193	192
LSZ37	Perimeter	No	Yes	208*	213	>220	>220	>220		171	141	127	123	91	344	172		200	194	200		236		176
LSZ38	Perimeter	No	Yes	116	147	151	150	161		144	156	137	146	153	163	153		150	134	175		165		161
LSZ39	Perimeter	No	No	118	124	332	127	132		117	113	101	302		332	109		126	116	117		135		135
LSZ40	Interior	Yes	Yes	135	1220		>220	>220	7220		217	200	198	200	193	308	230	216	>220	209	7220	>220	7220	>220
LSZ42	Perimeter	No	Yes	130	163	332	1983	194	190	188	192	395	393	181	183	103	193	133	102	184	166	190	194	180

RED : at or above steam temperature (≥210 °F)

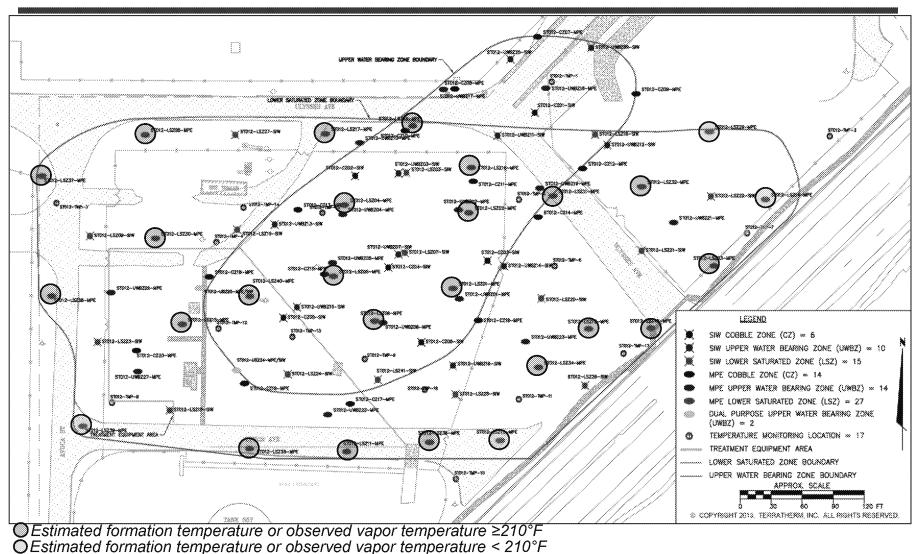
GREEN : below steam temperature (<210 °F)

Please note that the table has been truncated due to spatial constraints and only includes data from 3 August 2015 to present

^{*}Highlighted vapor extraction temperatures below 210°F assumed to have been at steam temperature at depth



Estimated Formation Temperatures: Lower Saturated Zone



10/14/2015



Pressure Cycling and Mass Removal



Pressure Cycling Status

- Operational data reviewed to determine initiation of pressure cycling:
 - Multi-phase Extraction (MPE) Well Vapor Extraction Temperature
 - > Temperature Monitoring Point Data
 - Calculated MPE Well Formation Temperature

Pressure Cycling Status by Zone:

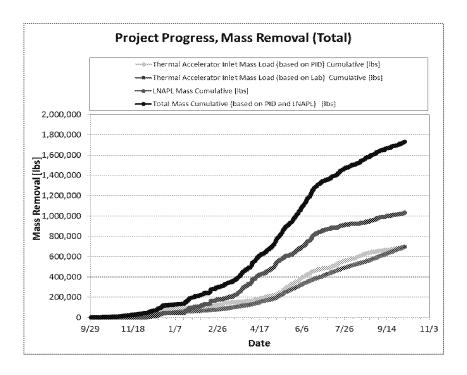
CZ			5					9/17/2015
UWBZ		12/4/2014	6/8/2015	6/22/2015	7/24/2015	8/12/2015	8/26/2015	9/17/2015
LSZ	10/16/2014		6/16/2015		7/24/2015	8/12/2015	9/4/2015	9/25/2015

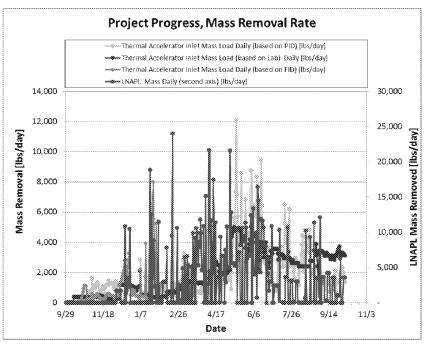


^{*}Please note that dates in the table above are the dates that pressurizations or depressurizations were initiated



Site ST012 SEE System Mass Removal



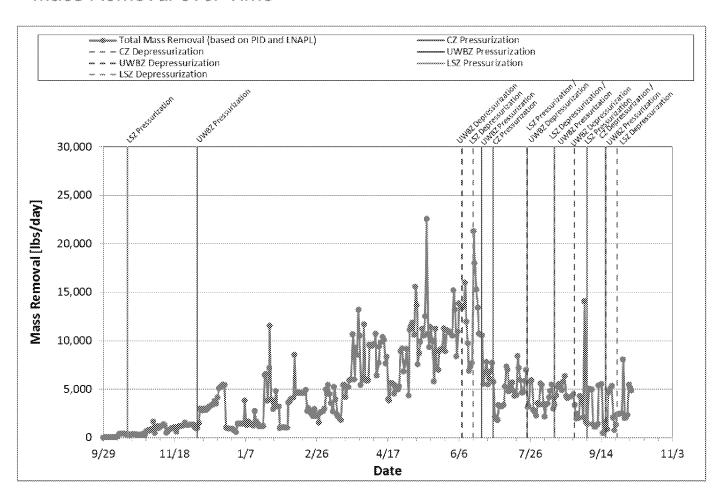


- Total Contaminant Mass Removal: 1,730,578 lbs recovered
- An estimated 1,031,501 lbs (156,763 gallons) as non-aqueous phase liquid (NAPL)
- An estimated 699,078 lbs of mass (PID) removed in the vapor phase (equivalent to 106,242 gallons)



Pressure Cycling and Mass Removal

Mass Removal over Time

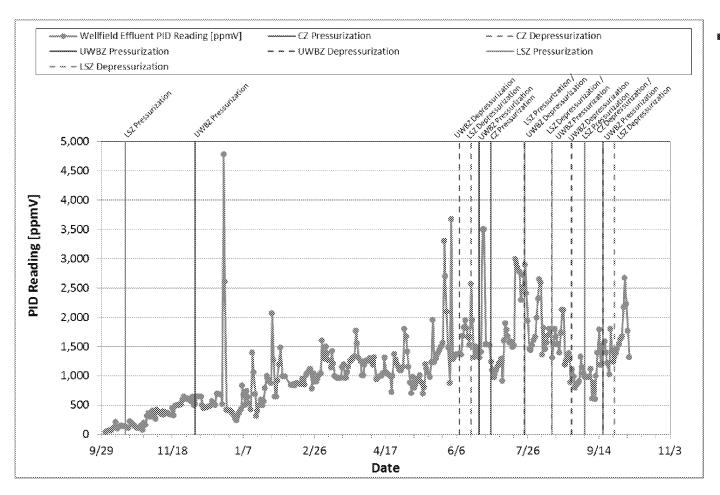


Peak mass removal occurred April – June 2015 (vapor and NAPL phases)



Pressure Cycling and Vapor Mass Removal

Wellfield Vapor Influent PID Concentrations over Time

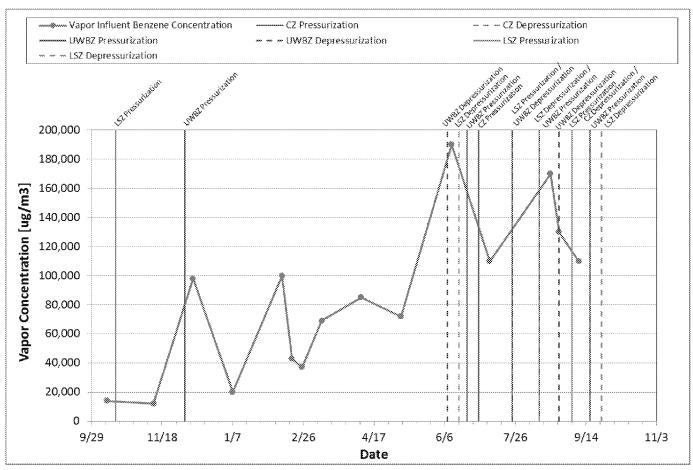


 Vapor phase removal has increased after initiation of pressure cycling



Pressure Cycling and Benzene Vapor Mass Removal

Extracted Vapor Benzene Concentrations over Time (measured at thermal accelerator influent [includes air stripper effluent] by EPA Method TO-15)

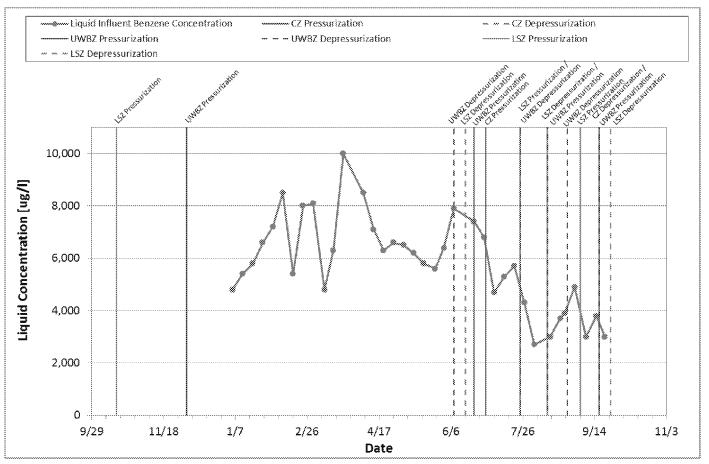


Benzene
 concentrations
 have peaked
 during
 depressurization
 events



Pressure Cycling and Benzene Liquid Mass Removal

Extracted Liquid Benzene Concentrations over Time (measured at air stripper influent by EPA Method 8260B)



 Dissolved phase benzene concentrations have declined from the peak



Benzene Concentrations in Groundwater



Groundwater Sampling Background

- Primary Purpose: Provide initial screening level benzene concentrations throughout the CZ, UWBZ and LSZ
- Benzene concentrations estimated at each MPE well location
 - Inputs: Motive Water Flow Rate; Motive Water Benzene Concentration; Return Water Flow Rate; and Return Water Benzene Concentration
 - > Estimates:
 - Groundwater Extraction Rate (based on difference between motive and return flow)
 - **Groundwater Concentration (based on mass balance calculation)**



Groundwater Sampling Background

- Variability noted between sampling rounds
- Factors affecting concentration estimation
 - > Flow meter accuracy
 - Motive water concentration
 - Representative of overall conditions (mix of CZ, UWBZ, and LSZ)
 - Includes variability of benzene concentration depending on SEE operations (e.g., current pressurization/depressurization status in each zone)
 - **Includes contribution of groundwater from outside the TTZs**
 - Capture and condensation of steam in the liquid stream

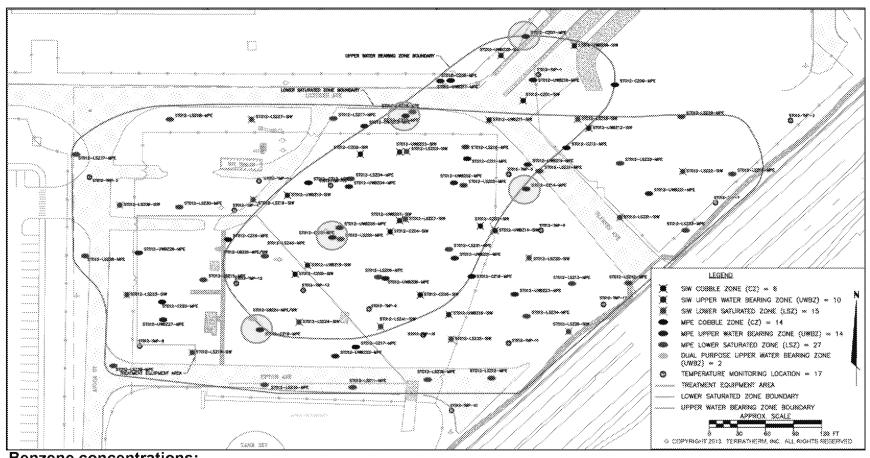


Groundwater Sampling Background

- Refinement of current sampling approach to reduce variability:
 - Sampling after system is isolated to one zone (allows motive water to equilibrate to one zone)
 - Sampling after vapor extraction line has been turned off (reduces potential steam capture and condensation in the liquid stream)
- Testing alternative sampling approach
 - Using bailers/other direct pumping methods (more direct measurement of groundwater)
 - Requires well shutdown and wellhead removal
 - **Eductor and piping may hinder sample collection**



11-12 August Groundwater Sampling Benzene Results - CZ



Benzene concentrations:

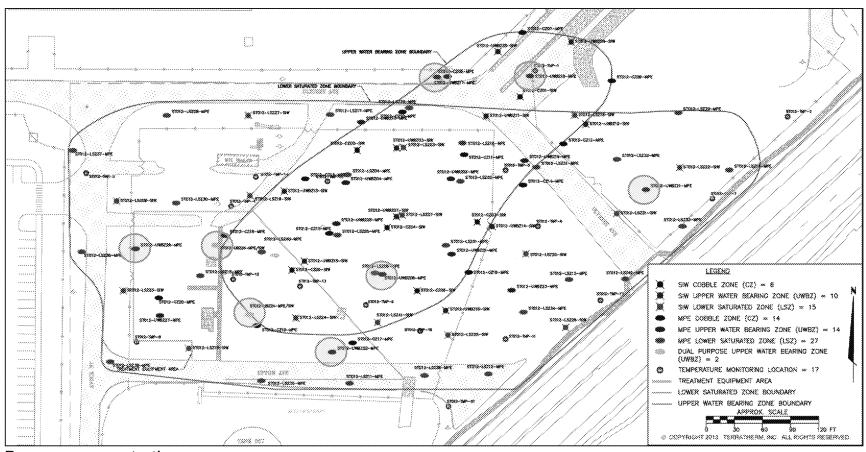
<500 ug/L

500-2,000 ug/L

>2,000 ug/L



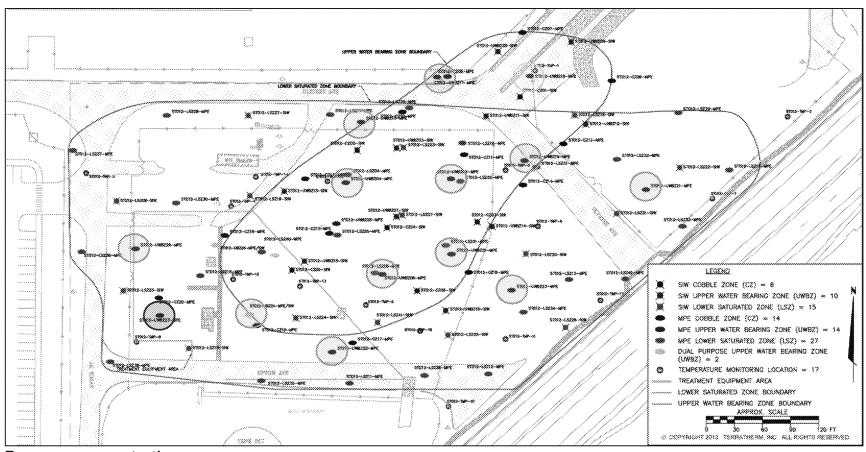
11-12 August Groundwater Sampling Benzene Results - UWBZ



- ◯ <500 ug/L
 - 500-2,000 ug/L
- >2,000 ug/L



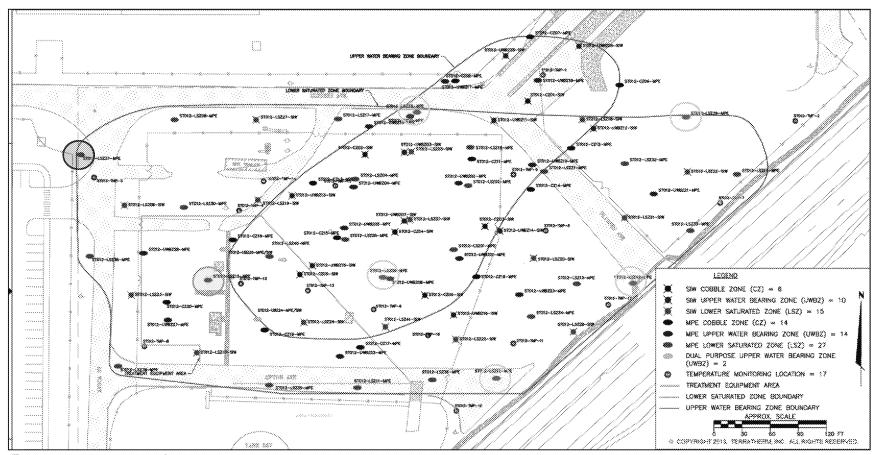
8 September Groundwater Sampling Benzene Results - UWBZ



- <500 ug/L</p>
 - 500-2,000 ug/L
- >2,000 ug/L



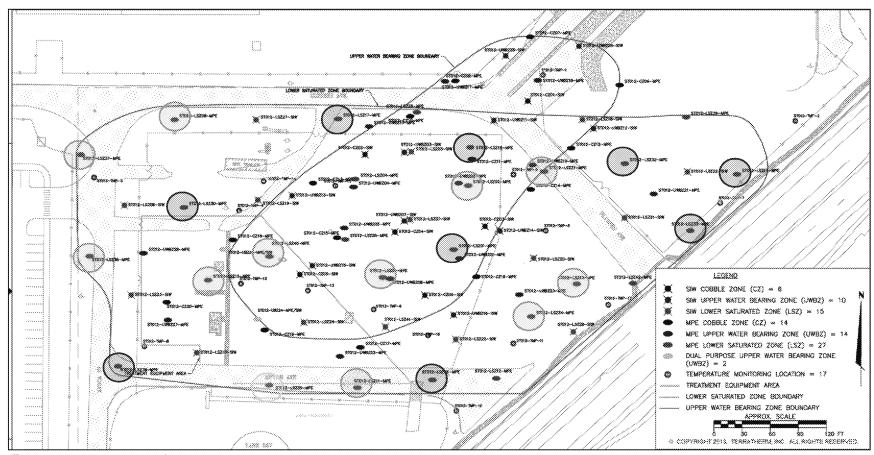
11-12 August Groundwater Sampling Benzene Results - LSZ



- <500 ug/L
- 500-2,000 ug/L
- >2,000 ug/L



1-2 September Groundwater Sampling Benzene Results - LSZ



- <500 ug/L
- 500-2,000 ug/L
- >2,000 ug/L



Steam Injection and Energy Balance



Site ST012 SEE System Energy Balance

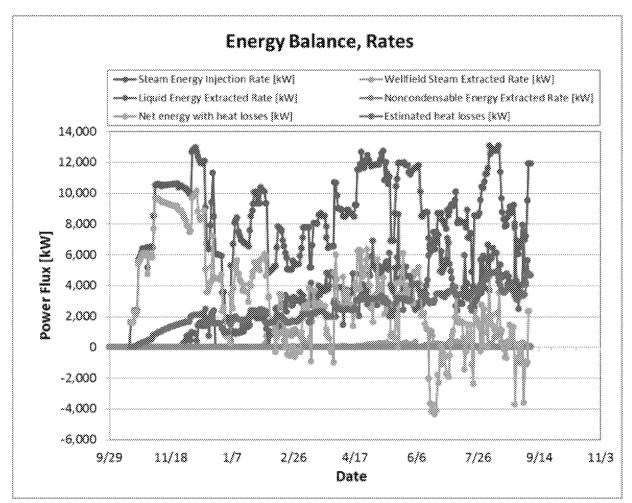
Energy Balance Updates

- TerraTherm's Energy Balance has been updated to include calculated heat losses
- Heat losses are a combination of heat lost below the TTZ, above the TTZ and outside the TTZ
- Approach:
 - Based on the original SEE model, cumulative modeled heat losses were calculated for each operational phase (i.e., heat up, pressure cycling)
 - The heat losses were compared to the cumulative energy added as steam for each operational phase
 - The percent of total steam energy "lost" was calculated by comparing modeled heat losses to modeled steam injection
 - Since the actual steam injection rates at ST012 have been different than originally modeled, the percent heat loss calculated for each operational phase in the model was applied to the actual steam injected to get the calculated heat losses during operation
 - > The calculated heat losses during operation are subtracted from the net energy injected to determine the "net energy with heat losses" shown on the Energy Balance figures



Site ST012 SEE System Energy Balance

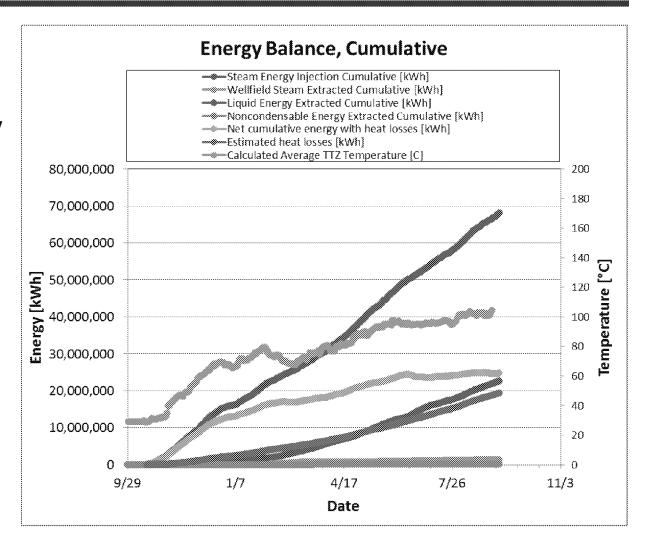
- Heat losses (kW) increase as the site heats up as the steam bubble expands, the surface area of the heated area increases and so do the associated heat losses
- During recent pressure cycling events, the heat losses stayed relatively stable
- During the pressure cycling phase the temperature is stable (except in some areas of the TTZ where heat up is still active) and the net energy is close to zero





Site ST012 SEE System Energy Balance

- Net energy injected was positive in the heat up phase
- Cumulative net energy injection is more or less flat during pressure cycling as much energy is extracted as injected





Site ST012 SEE System SEE to EBR Transition Criteria Progress

Transition Criteria	Progress
Target Temperature Achievement	CZ: Average target temperature achieved with the exception of TMP 12
	UWBZ: Average target temperature achieved
	LSZ: Average temperature in LSZ above 235 ft bgs is 115°C
	Steam breakthrough observed at all interior MPE wells
Pressure Cycling Status	CZ: Currently in the initial depressurization, pending pressurization
	UWBZ: Currently in the fourth pressurization/depressurization cycle
	LSZ: Currently in the third pressurization/depressurization cycle
Mass Removal Status	Peak mass removal occurred April – June 2015 (vapor and NAPL phases)
Benzene Concentrations	Overall decline in dissolved phase benzene concentrations
	Groundwater sampling events scheduled to refine benzene distribution
Steam Injection Status	~228 MM lbs of steam injected – energy balance shows temperatures currently being maintained and some areas still targeted for heat up



Site ST012 SEE System Path Forward

- Primary transition criteria met (subsurface temperatures and mass removal). Pressure cycling mass removal also diminishing (secondary transition criteria). Focusing on further groundwater concentration status.
- Additional sampling and projected end of steam injection:
 - > 16 Oct Receive round of UWBZ MPE well samples collected with vapor off. Refine final sampling approaches
 - Week of 19 Oct Receive latest round of LSZ MPE well samples by direct collection method (bailer/foot valve apparatus). Refine final sampling approaches
 - Week of 26 Oct collect groundwater samples in the LSZ
 - Week of 2 Nov collect groundwater samples in the UWBZ and CZ
 - Week of 9 Nov Receive and compile data
 - Week of 16 Nov Review and discuss shutdown (BCT meeting)
 - > 20 Nov Shutdown of steam
- Sample planning is dynamic in response to results received at each round. Changes are likely.



Site ST012 SEE System Benzene Concentrations

- Groundwater concentrations above 500 µg/L expected to remain at TTZ perimeters because of known contamination outside of TTZ (predicted in Work Plan).
- Contribution from perimeter likely enhanced by elevated temperatures (increased dissolution and solubility, predicted in Work Plan)).
- Groundwater concentrations may also be above 500 µg/L in some areas of TTZ interior because of contribution from perimeter groundwater (i.e., extracted groundwater at interior MPE wells originates as a combination of condensed steam and perimeter groundwater pulled to the interior)
- 100 to 500 µg/L was set as the goal for SEE in the interior based on the ability of continued biodegradation following EBR to achieve MCLs ~20 years post ROD
- Concentrations above 500 μg/L in the TTZ can be addressed through EBR:
 - Depletion of LNAPL in TTZ interior leaves mainly dissolved phase BTEX
 - > Sulfate injected at perimeter will migrate and contribute to reductions in TTZ interior
 - > EBR treatment of perimeters will reduce further perimeter contributions to TTZ interior
 - > Post-SEE dissolved phase concentrations will be evaluated and sulfate injections within the TTZ can be performed, if necessary.